

## LONG ANSWER-I TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Write the first five terms of the following sequences:

$$(i) a_n = n(n+2)$$

$$(ii) a_n = 2^n$$

$$(iii) a_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$(iv) a_n = \frac{2n-3}{6}$$

$$(v) a_n = (-1)^{n-1} 5^{n+1}$$

$$(vi) a_n = \frac{n(n^2+5)}{4}$$

$$(vii) a_n = \frac{(-1)^n a^n}{a^n + b^n}$$

$$(viii) a_n = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

2. Write the first five terms of the following sequences and obtain the corresponding series:

$$(i) a_1 = 3, a_n = 3a_{n-1} + 2, n > 1$$

$$(ii) a_1 = -1, a_n = \frac{a_{n-1}}{n}, n \geq 2$$

$$(iii) a_1 = a_2 = 2, a_n = a_{n-1} - 1, n > 2$$

$$(iv) a_1 = 2, a_2 = 4, a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 3a_{n-2}, n \geq 3.$$

### VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Show that 4, 10, 16, 22, ... is an AP. Find its 7th and 9th terms.
2. Show that  $6, 5\frac{1}{3}, 4\frac{2}{3}, 4, \dots$  is an AP. Find its 10th and  $k$ th terms.
3. Find the 20th, 25th and  $n$ th terms of the AP given by 21, 16, 11, 6, ... .
4. Show that  $\log a, \log ab, \log ab^2, \dots$  is an AP. Find its 7th and  $n$ th terms.
5. If  $k + 2, 4k - 6, 3k - 2$  are in AP, find the value of  $k$ .
6. Show that the linear function in  $n$  i.e.,  $f(n) = an + b$  determine an AP, where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

### LONG ANSWER-I TYPE QUESTIONS

7. Determine the number of terms in the sequence  $17, 14\frac{1}{2}, 12, \dots, -38$ .
8. Which term of the series  $20 + 16 + 12 + \dots$  is  $-96$ ?
9. Is 310 a term of the sequence 3, 8, 13, ...?
10. If the 9th term of an AP be zero, show that its 29th term is twice its 19th term.
11. In a certain AP, the 24th term is twice the 10th term. Show that its 72nd term is twice the 34th term.
12. The 3rd term of an AP is 1 and the 6th term is  $-11$ . Determine its 15th and  $r$ th terms.
13. Determine the 2nd and  $r$ th terms of an AP whose 6th term is 12 and the 8th term is 22.
14. Determine  $x$  so that  $2x + 1, x^2 + x + 1$  and  $3x^2 - 3x + 3$  are consecutive terms of an AP.
15. If 5 times the 5th term of an AP is equal to 10 times the 10th term, find the 15th term of the AP.
16. (i) Which term of the AP  $8 - 6i, 7 - 4i, 6 - 2i, \dots$  is (a) purely real (b) purely imaginary?  
(ii) Which term of the sequence  $20, 19\frac{1}{4}, 18\frac{1}{2}, \dots$  is the first negative term?